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SUBJECT School System

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION FOR THE RESEARCH USE OF TRAINED INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS

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- 1. The Government has concentrated on the establishment of professional schools to train cadres of qualified workers and technicians for industry. Is a result, general educational facilities have been neglected. Of Poland's 21 thousand elementary schools, only 900 accommodate and teach eight grades, approximately 5,000 are for two grades, and 5,108 are for one grade. More than 5,000 communities are without schools of any type, and there is an over-all chartage of approximately 15 thousand teachers. Recause of these inadequacies, more than 500 thousand Polish children between the ages of seven and fourteen are deprived of achooling.
- 2. Poland's school system is being converted to a state menopoly in which private institutions will come to exist. Concurrently with ohis structural change there is a change in the substance and method of teaching. Instructors struct the so-called class war end the socialicitic reconstruction of national economy. They had distorted history of Poland designed to feater friendliness toward the USER and hatred toward reactionaries at home and abroad. Army officers are midely used as lecturers to propound communicate dectrines not only in elementary and high schools but in factories and large shaps.
- 3. The Ministry of Education recently made teaching of the Russian language court in the elementary and high schools. Students were assured that the action was in accordance with their parents' wishes.
- Evering the 1947-1948 wohool year a School of Social Service was activated at Entowice. Even the most practical subjects offered at the school are taught from a Marxist point of view and are mixed with amountst propagands. The manager of the school is Babas (fau), an electrotechnician and a pro-war Communist. Of the school's 20 lecturers, let are Communists and the remaining two are Socialists. The student body shows a divided organizational loyalty as follows:

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The students' educational backgrounds are also varied; 300 had elementary cohoci training, 120 completed high school, 258 attended high school for two or three years, and only five are university graduates.

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- 5. At a mining school for 10-16 year old boys in Ludwitow, Kladzko County, students are forced to perform eight hours of manual labor pur day in addition to their classroom work which consists of political lectures. Easy of the children suffer from overwork and poor food.
- 8. The PFR activist, Leon Kepinski, recently conducted an unsuccessful enlistment drive for the ZMM in Kladsko. He finally forced the local high school superintendent to let him assume the teaching of history and current events to the older high school students. Before convening his classes, Kepinski distributed ZMM enlistment forms to the students. When no signed forms were returned, Kepinski told the students we will see at examination time; it is I who will then decide who passes and goes to college."
- 7. Minister of Education Skreesewski constantly atreases his ministry's desire to cooperate with the ZNP (Zwinzek Naucsycieli Polakich Association of Polish Tenchers),
 He stated that ZNP has achieved much in the educational field and in the Fight for
 democracy in the schools. He warned ZNP, however, against a repetition of the attack
 it made on the Government's educational policies at a ZNP congress in Bytom. This
 warning was school by Berek, superintendent of schools in Slask-Dabrowa Frevince, who
 stated on 15 Nov 47; "teachers and their leaders who breaths the Bytom atmosphere and
 wish to > Thence other teachers will be ousted from their schools and their nesconds
- 8. Teachers have received no salary increases but the Government has raised their overtime pay coefficient from 135 to 400 slotys per hour for teachers in professional achools, and to 1,000 slotys per hour for coademic teachers.
- 9. An additional despensation for teachers is their access to such special achools and courses as the following:
 - (a) WEN (Myssay Mursa Mouseysielakie Higher Courses for Teachers)
 - (b) Pedagogical Institutes (Instytuty Fedagogicane)
 - (c) Institute for Handierafts
 - (d) CINF (Centralny Instytut Aychowania Fizyoznego Central Institute of Physical Training)
- 10. Teachers also have access to universities and mass courses of four weeks duration.

 During the 1946-1947 school year a total of 19,381 teachers attended the 399 mass courses which were organized. The Kinistry of Education expects to increase the musber of these courses during the 1947-1948 school year, and to institute siditional courses for training ideological advantors (politruks). Only graduates of ideological courses will be considered for teaching positions.
- 11. On 27 Nov 47 a three-day conformed of university and college presidents was held in Nersaw. Among the government officials attoring were Borman, Skrzeszewski, Kacsorowski, Krasowska, and Jablonski. The conference catablished a new body designate as the Chief Council for Learning and higher Education (Rada Glowna Nauki 1 Szkol Wysssych). In amouncing formation of this new organ, Sokorski, President of the Council of Higher Schooling, stated that it would be the "seademic menate" with complete control of educational planning and personnel.

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